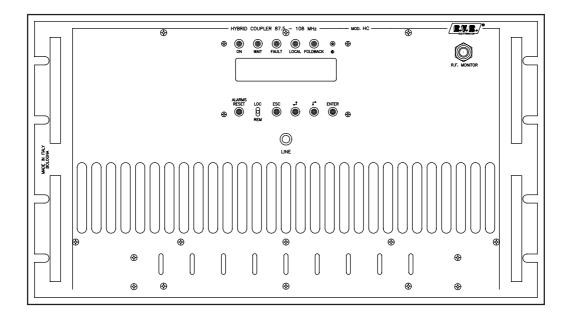
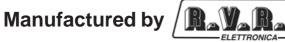
HC4



User Manual

LCD version







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HC4 - User Manual Version 1.0

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1. Preliminary instructions

This manual is written as a general guide for those having previous knowledge and experience with this kind of equipment.

It is not intended to contain a complete statement of all safety rules which should be observed by personnel in using this or other electronic equipment.

The installation, use and maintenance of this piece of equipment involve risks both for the personnel performing them and for the device itself, that shall be used only by trained personnel.

R.V.R. doesn't assume responsibility for injury or damage resulting from improper procedures or practices by untrained/unqualified personnel in the handling of this unit.

Please observe all local codes and fire protection standards in the operations of this unit.



WARNING: always disconnect power before opening covers or removing any part of this unit.

Use appropriate grounding procedures to short out capacitors and high voltage points before servicing.



WARNING: This is a "CLASS A" equipment. In a residential place this equipment can cause hash. In this case can be requested to user to take the necessary measures.

R.V.R. Elettronica SpA reserves the right to modify the design and/or the technical specifications of the product and this manual without notice.





2. Warranty

Any product of **R.V.R. Elettronica** is covered by a 12 (twelve) month warranty.

For components like tubes for power amplifiers, the original manufacturer's warranty applies.

R.V.R. extends to the original end-user purchaser all original manufacturers warranties which are transferable and all claims are to be made directly to R.V.R. per indicated procedures.

R.V.R.'s warranty shall not include:

- 1) Re-shipment of the unit to R.V.R. for repair purposes
- 2) Any unauthorized repair/modification
- 3) Incidental/consequential damages as a result of any defect
- 4) Nominal non-incidental defects
- 5) Re-shipment costs or insurance of the unit or replacement units/parts

Warranty shall come into force from invoice date and for the period of the manufactures warranty.

Any damage to the goods must be reported to the carrier in writing on the shipment receipt.

Any discrepancy or damage discovered subsequent to delivery, shall be reported to R.V.R. within five (5) days from its receipt.

To claim your rights under this warranty:

- a. Contact the dealer or distributor where you purchased the unit. Describe the problem and ask if he has an easy solution. Dealers and Distributors are supplied with all the information aboutproblems that may occur and usually they can repair the unit quicker than what the manufacturer could do. Very often installing errors are discovered by dealers.
- b. If your dealer cannot help you, contact R.V.R. in Bologna and explain the problem. If it is decided to return the unit to the factory, R.V.R. will mail you a regular authorization with all the necessary instructions to send back the goods.
- c. When you receive the authorization, you can return the unit. Pack it carefully for the shipment, preferably using the original packing and seal the package perfectly. The customer always assumes the risks of loss (i.e., R.V.R. is never responsible for damage or loss), until the package reaches R.V.R. premises. For this reason, we suggest you to insure the goods for the whole value. Shipment must be effected C.I.F. (PREPAID) to the address specified by R.V.R.'s service manager on the authorization.





DO NOT RETURN UNITS WITHOUT OUR AUTHORIZATION AS THEY WILL BE REFUSED.

a Be sure to enclose a written technical report where mention all the problems found and a copy of your original invoice establishing the starting date of the warranty.

Replacement and warranty parts may be order from the following address. Be sure to include the equipment model and serial number as well as part description and part number.

R.V.R. Elettronica SpA Via del Fonditore, 2/2c 40138 BOLOGNA ITALY Tel. +39 051 6010506



3. First Aid

The personnel employed in the installation, use and maintenance of the device, shall be familiar with theory and practice of first aid.

3.1 Treatment of electrical shocks

3.1.1 If victim is not responsive

follow the A-B-C's of basic life support

- Place victim flat on his backon a hard surface.
- Open airway: lift up neck, push forehead back
- clear out mouth if necessary and observe for breathing
- if not breathing, begin artificial breathing (Figure 2): tilt head, pinch nostrils, make airtight seal, four quick full breaths. Remember mouth to mouth resuscitation must be commenced as soon as possible

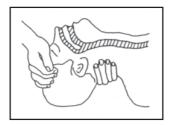
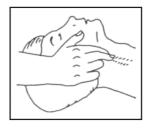




Figure 1

Figure 2

• Check carotid pulse (**Figura 3**); if pulse is absent, begin artificial circulation (**Figura 4**) depressing sternum 1 1/2" TO 2" (**Figure 5**).





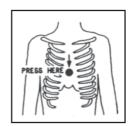


Figura 3

Figura 4

Figura 5

- APPROX. 80 SEC.: ONE RESCUER, 15 COMPRESSIONS
- APPROX. 60 SEC.: TWO RESCUERS, 5 COMPRESSIONS, 1 BREATH
- DO NOT INTERRUPT RHYTHM OF COMPRESSIONS WHEN SECOND PERSON IS GIVING BREATH
- Call for medical assistance as soon as possible.



3.1.2 If victim is responsive

- Keep them warm
- Keep them as quiet as possible
- Loosen their clothing (a reclining position is recommended)
- Call for medical help as soon as possible

3.2 Treatment of electrical Burns

3.2.1 Extensive burned and broken skin

- Cover area with clean sheet or cloth (Cleansed available cloth article).
- Do not break blisters, remove tissue, remove adhered particles of clothing, or apply any salve or ointment.
- Treat victim for shock as required.
- Arrange transportation to a hospital as quickly as possible.
- · If arms or legs are affected keep them elevated

If medical help will not be available within an hour and the victim is conscious and not vomiting, give him a weak solution of salt and soda: 1 level teaspoonful of salt and 1/2 level teaspoonful of baking soda to each quart of water (neither hot or cold). Allow victim to sip slowly about 4 ounces (half a glass) over a period of 15 minutes. Discontinue fluid if vomiting occurs



Do not give alcohol

3.2.2 Less severe burns (1st and 2nd degree)

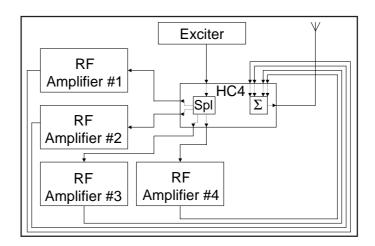
- Apply cool (not ice cold) compresses using the cleansed available cloth article.
- Do not break blisters, remove tissue, remove adhered particles of clothing, or apply salve or ointment.
- Apply clean dry dressing if necessary.
- Treat victim for shock as required.
- Arrange transportation to a hospital as quickly as possible
- If arms or legs are affected keep them elevated.



4. General Desciption

The HC4, produced by R.V.R. Elettronica, is a hybrid coupler at 4 way realized in "Strip-Lines" technology. Its function is to split the RF signal coming from a RF exciter, adjusting the relative phases, to pass them through four external RF power amplifiers and then to combine the output of the amplifiers into a single RF amplified signal to be forwarded to the antenna output.

The HC4 is produced in the version for four transmitters of 1 kW max output power everyone (total 4 kW).



The nominal working principle of a FM transmitter based on a hybrid coupler scheme like HC4, foresees that the used amplifiers shall produce the same RF power that will be added with the same phase. Possible differences in the power level or phase of the amplifiers generate the so-called *unbalancement power* that is in part dissipated inside the coupler. The HC4 guarantees the overall working of the transmitter even if one of the amplifiers is completely off-service. In such case, approximately 2,4 kW of the power generated by the surviving amplifier is routed to the antenna anyway; the other part of the delivered power (that is unbalancement power) is dissipated inside the combiner.

The HC4 is controlled by a microcontroller system, that includes a LCD display and a series of keys for the interaction with the user, that realizes the following functions:

- Measurement and visualization of the coupler's working parameters
- Activation and deactivation of the power output of the system
- Protection of the coupler with respect to potentially dangerous situations like exceeding emitted or unbalancement power, overdrive or overtemperature
- Detection of user-settable attention thresholds (e.g. output power being below a certain value), that are made externally available as digital states on the "telemetry" connector
- Communications with external devices



The management software of the HC4 is based on a menu system.

The user can navigate through the menu system using four buttons, ESC, move LEFT/UP, move RIGHT/DOWN and ENTER. A fifth button is used to reset the alarm counters, if any alarm has been triggered before.

Five LEDs on the front panel of the amplifier show the current status of the machine: ON/OFF, WAIT, FAULT, LOCAL and FOLDBACK

A switch on the front panel allows to select the LOCAL or REMOTE working mode:

- LOCAL mode allows to control the machine using the buttons on the front panel, while remote control (that is using the telemetry connector) is disabled;
- In REMOTE mode, remote control is enabled, while the buttons on the front panel can be used only to read parameters and not to change them

The LOCAL working mode is signalled by a yellow LED on the front panel being lit.

The different working parameters are made available for the remote control applications on the telemetry connector, as voltage levels that are proportional to the value of the parameter under consideration. Digital output signals related to alarms or warnings are also present on the connector, together with the digital input like ON/OFF switching or alarms reset.

The hybrid coupler includes an input for optional external 24 V dc power supply. This power source will automatically be used to supply the CPU section in case the mains power goes off. In this way, it is possible to interact (locally or remotely) with the device even in absence of mains supply.

The HC4 can be connected to the exciter of the transmitter using a "interlock" cable, so that it is possible for it to deactivate RF power emission in case of misfunctioning of the transmitting system. An analogous effect can be reached also in case the exciter misses the interlock functionality, connecting the mains supply of the exciter to the auxiliary mains plug of the HC2 "AUX OUT AC LINE". This plug is in fact opened using a relay under the same conditions that cause the activation of the interlock.



5. Installation and use

This chapter is intended to summarize the necessary points for the installation of the device. In case any of the arguments is unclear, for example when you use the combiner for the first time, we suggest to carefully read the whole manual.

5.1 Preparation

Unpack the HC4 and before any other operation check the unit for any shipping damage; in particular, check that all the controls and connectors on the front and rear panels are in good conditions.

If it is necessary, check the integrity and the value of the fuse inside the voltage changer block; the required fuse type is:

- Aux 1A 5X20 Mains 4A 6X30 (220-240V)
- Aux 1A 5X20 Mains 4A 6X30 (100-120V)

Connect the RF output cable of the exciter to the N-type input of the splitting section of the combiner. Connect five cables between the output N connectors of the splitting section of the combiner and the RF input of five suitable amplifiers. Connect five cables between the RF output of the amplifiers and the input connectors of the combining section of the coupler.

Connect the output connector of the combining section to the antenna feeder or to a dummy load with a power rating suitable for your application. Link, using a coaxial cable, the BNC "Alarms/Interlock" connector to the "Interlock" connector of the exciter. Connect the "Fold back" connector to the "EXT AGC" input of the exciter, if such a functionality is present (described in the documentation of the transmitting station).

The combiner must be installed in a rack that includes



ATTENTION: It is essential that the unit is properly earthed to ensure both the safety of operation as well as the correct working of the equipment.

5.2 Operation

To perform its intended pourpose, the HC4 is always used in a transmitter comprising an exciter and four RF amplifiers. In the following description, we will in general refer to these external devices.

As soon as the HC4 is supplied, verify that the ON LED is lit. The LCD display shows a presentation screen, and after a few seconds it will pass to the default screen, showing the values of the forward and reflected power..



Switch the exciter on (at its minimum power level) and wait for it to lock on the working frequency. When the PLL has locked, progressively increase its output power, while controlling the displays of the exciter, of the amplifiers and of the hybrid coupler. Keep increasing the exciter output overall output of the combiner reaches the desired value, that is at most the nominal power rating of the transmitting station.

At this point, it is possible for the user to verify all the working parameters of the amplifier using the management software.

Normally, the device doesn't require any human supervision for its normal operation. If any alarm condition arise, these are automatically managed by the embedded protection system, and notified to the user with the LEDs on the panel or via messages on the LCD display.

5.3 Software

This chapter describes the way the microprocessor system controls the hybrid coupler, and how the user can interact with it.

Note that the user can give commands to the device only when it's set in LOCAL mode using the switch on the front panel. Otherwise, the user will only be allowed to read the parameters, but not to change any of them.

The management of the HC4 is performed by a generic software used in different classes of equipment produced by R.V.R. Elettronica SpA, like the HC combiners or the RF amplifiers PJ500M-C and PJ1000M.

For this reason, some options that are related to other kinds of devices are deactivated in the software version that is installed in the HC4 (see for example the P.A. menu).

Note that some of the parameters that are measured and can be read may be, in some circumstances, not available. This situation mostly arises when, for physical reasons, the measured values are not significant to be used in the control software.

When the value for a parameter is not available for such reasons, it's substituted with the symbol "==".

Figure 5.1 shows the complete flow diagram of the management software of the coupler, that can be basically seen as build up of a default screen, plus a series of submenus.

At power on, the LCD display will show the following presentation screen, indicating the name of the device:

HC4 Start Up ...



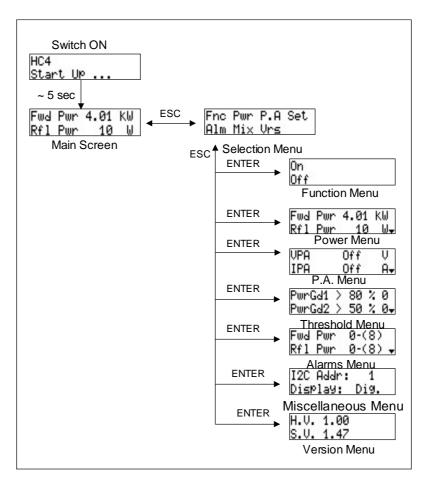
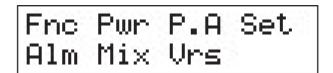


Figure 5.1

After a few seconds, the main screen will be displayed, reporting the values od Forward power and Reflected power:

The management software will remain indefinitely in this default screen, until the user pushes the ESC button.

Pushing the ESC button, the user will be presented with the menu selection screen, from which the other screens can be accessed:



Pushing again the ESC button, the software goes back to the default screen.



To enter into one of the submenus, just select the corresponding name (that will be indicated by a flashing underscore) with the LEFT and RIGHT buttons, and then push ENTER.

5.3.1 RF Power switch menu (Fnc)



From this menu, the user can "switch" ON and OFF the hybrid coupler.

The result of this command is that when the HC4 is put in OFF mode, the inner conductor of the "Alarm" connector is shorted to ground, so that the exciter is put in stand-by mode (this will happen only if provided with an interlock connector, and if correctly connected with the hybrid coupler). At the same time, the auxiliary mains output is opened, so that if an exciter is connected to it, il will be shut off.

Whe the hybrid coupler is switched OFF, the software waits a few minutes to permit the proper cooling of the device, and then sends a signal to the relays of the blowers to turn them off too.

Each two hours, while the machine is OFF, the software enables the blowers for a while to dissipate the heat generated by the circuitry and to avoid possible malfunctions of the blowers due to long inactivity periods.

Switching ON again the hybrid coupler, the interlock circuit is opened, reenabling the power emission in the connected exciter, the auxiliary mains plug supply is powered and the blowers are restarted.

5.3.2 Power menu (Pwr)

This multi-line scrollable menu allows the user to read all the measurements related to the behaviour of the power section of the combiner:

- Forward Power (Fwd Pwr)
- Reflected Power (Rfl Pwr)
- Standing Wave Ratio (SWR) (Not active)
- Input Power (Inp Pwr) (Not active)
- Rejected PWR (Rej PWR)

Depending on the configuration of the machine, some of the measures could be deactivated.

The complete aspect of the screen is the following figure (please note that only two lines at a time are visible, use the UP and DOWN buttons to scroll)::



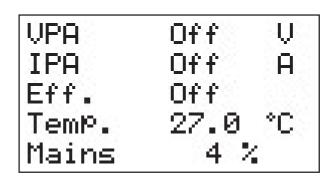
Fwd	Pwn	4.01	K₩
Rf1	Pwn	10	W
SWR		Off	
InP	Pwn	Off	W
Rej	SWR	15	W

5.3.3 Power Amplifier Menu (P.A.)

This multi-line scrollable menu reports to the user some internal measurement of the device:

- Voltage (VPA) Not active
- Current (IPA) Not active
- · Efficiency Not active
- Temperature
- Mains voltage (Mains percentage variation with respect to the nominal voltage)

The complete aspect of the screen is the following figure (please note that only two lines at a time are visible, use the UP and DOWN buttons to scroll):



Please note that the first three lines of this screen are not active since they are not meaningful for a hybrid coupler.

5.3.4 Threshold setting menu (Set)

As described in the introduction, the amplifier offers a maximum of four user settable alarms. For each of them, one of the working parameters is compared against a threshold value that can be be modified by the user. The results of the comparisons are available on the telemetry connector or as dry contacts on the optional external telemetry board, and can be read on the display as "O" (open, i.e. the result is false) or "C" (closed, i.e. the result is true).



Two of the settable thresholds are related to the RF emitted power (*Power Good*), while the third is connected to the amount of reflected power (*Reflected Warning*).

The thresholds are expressed as percentage of full-scale value of the relevant quantity.

The full scakle values for the HC4 are the following:

- Forward power 4000W
- Reflected power 400W

To change the values of the thresholds, execute the following procedure:

- Select the line to modify (UP and DOWN buttons)
- Push the ENTER button
- Modify the value of the threshold (UP and DOWN buttons)
- Push the ENTER button to confirm

The following figure shows an example of configuration for this menu.

PwnGd1	>	80	%	0
PwrGd2	>	50	%	0
Rf1War	\geq	70	%	0

In questo esempio, le soglie degli allarmi sono:

•	PwrGd 1	3200W	(80% X 4000W)
•	PwrGd2	2000W	(50% X 4000W)
•	RflWar	300W	(70% X 400W)
•	SwrWar	380W	(95% X 400W)

5.3.5 Alarms Menu (Alm)

This screen gives to the user information regarding the status of the protection system included in the hybrid coupler.

It is constituted by a certain number of lines, each containing the name of a variable controlled by the system and the kind of intervention that is undertaken by the system in case the parameter surpasses its limit.

The latter can be of the kind: X - (Y), Wait, or Dis. (Disabled).

The aspect of this multi-line screen is the following (only two lines at a time are visible, use the UP and DOWN buttons to scroll):



Fwd Pwr	0-(8)
Rf1 Pwr	0-(8)
In⊳ Pwr	0-(8)
V.P.A.	Dis.
I.P.A.	Dis.
TemP.	Wait
Rej SWR	0-(8)
Mains	Wait
SWR	Dis.
Eff.	Dis.

The function of this menu is essentially a help for the technician to identify the causes of possible malfunctions of the transmitter.

5.3.6 Various menu

Two operations can be performed using this menu:

- Setup the address of the I2C serial bus type connection
- · Setup the kind of visualitation in the default menu

```
I2C Addr: 1
Display: Dig.
```

The default address of I²C communication is relevant when the coupler is connected with other RVR' devices that use this protocol. We raccomend not to change this parameter if not necessary.

The visualitation mode can be **Dig**ital (the default mode described in chapter 5.3) or **Analog**:



In analog mode, a little triangle indicates the reflected power level set in the threshold set menu (under RflWar), while the bar below shows the in real time level reflected power.

This last kind of visualitation is best used when the combiner output is connected to a device that has to be tuned, as a cavity.



5.3.7 Versions menu

This menu shows the hardware (H.V.) and software versions (S.V.) of the machine.

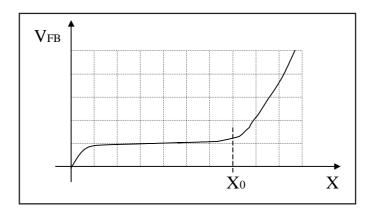
5.3.8 Protection sistem

The protection system implemented in hybrid coupler is based on two types of reactions, the "Foldback" and the temporary disabling.

5.3.8.1 Foldback

The foldback circuit controls the level of a dc voltage that is available on the dedicated BNC connector (F.BACK) on the rear of the HC4.

The foldback voltage remains approximately constant until one of the amounts that are connected to the foldback doesn't surpass its nominal value (full scale). When this happens, the foldback voltage is rised proportionally to the amount the threshold is surpassed, and a yellow LED is lit on the front panel, signalling the intervention of the circuit. In figure, X represents one of the variables connected to the foldback, X_0 is the full scale of the variable, V_{FB} is the voltage present on the BNC:



In the HC4, the variables connected to the foldback are:

- Forward power
- · Reflected power
- Rejected power
- Temperature

The foldback voltage can be used by the transmitter's exciter to reduce accordingly the driving power. For example, RVR Elettronica's PTX-LCD is designed to use an external foldback signal of this kind.



In general, the reduction of the RF power generated by the exciter will reduce the variable that casued the foldback intervention, so that a new stability point is reached.

If any reason makes it impossible to reach a new stable point, the protection system of the HC4 will react with its Shut off/Restart procedure.

5.3.8.2 Shut off/Restart

The second kind of reaction of the protection system consists in forcing the transmitter in stand-by mode when one of the monitored variables surpasses its maximum allowed value.

To put the transmitter in stand-by, the hybrid coupler disables the exciter's RF power emission using the interlock circuit, thus disabling the overall transmitter RF power.

Depending on the kind of problem that caused the failure, after the transmitter has been inhibited, it will either be reactivated after a fixed time interval, or only when the impeding condition has been solved.

In the Alarm menu, the first kind of configuration is noted by **X - (Y)**, wile the second is indicated with **Wait**. The third possibility is that the configuration of the sistem does not implement any protection based on a certain parameter: This would be noted with **Dis.** (Disabled).

While the amplifier is temporarily shut off for an alarm, the yellow WAIT LED is lit, and the cause of the intervention of the protection system is written on the display.

When the protection intervenes for a parameter of "cyclic" kind, a counter is incremented (the value X in the alarm screen). If the value of the counter reaches the maximum admitted value (Y), the amplifier is definitively switched off, and the red LED "fault" on the front panel is lit.

The button ALARMS RESET gives the user the opportunity to interact with the protection system. Its effect is different depending on the status the amplifier is when the button is pushed:

- If the system is in stand-by, waiting for the cycle time to expire, or if it is definitively
 off in FAULT state, pushing the ALARMS RESET button will immediately turn
 the amplifier on and reset the alarm counters
- If the system is transmitting, but some alarm occurred before, so that the alarm counters are not all at "0", pushing the ALARMS RESET button will have no effect unless the button is pushed wile the user is reading the Alarm menu. In this way it is made sure that the user doesn't reset possible alarms without knowing they happened

The alarm counters are reset by the system itself without the need for an external intervention after half an hour of undisturbed (i.e. without alarms) working of the hybrid coupler.



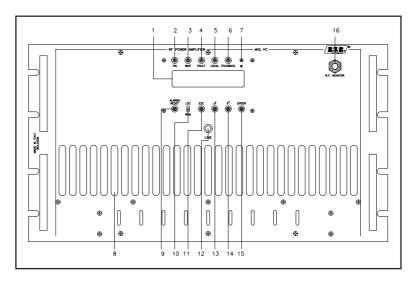
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6. Controls, Indicators and Connectors

This chapter describes the front and rear panels of the HC4, with a brief indication of all the different components.

6.1 Front Panel



[1] DISPLAY LCD Display.

[2] ON Green LED, lit when the amplifier is switched on.

[3] WAIT Yellow LED indicating that the amplifier is waiting for a condition that is

blocking the power output to be removed.

[4] FAULT Red LED indicating that a fault that cannot be automatically reverted.

[5] LOCAL Yellow LED indicating that the amplifier in local control mode.

[6] FOLDBACK Yellow LED indicating the intervention of the foldback function (automatic

reduction of the output power).

[7] BRIGHTNESS Trimmer to regulate the brightness of the LCD display.

[8] AIR FILTER Air Filter for Power Splitter and Combiner.

[9] ALARM RESET Button used to manually reset the protection system.[10] LOC/REM Switch to select the local or remote control modes.

[11] ESC Button to exit from a menu.

[12] LINE Line indicating C.A.

[13] LEFT/UP Button used to navigate in the menu system and to modify the changeable

parameters.

[14] RIGHT/DOWN Button used to navigate in the menu system and to modify the changeable

parameters.

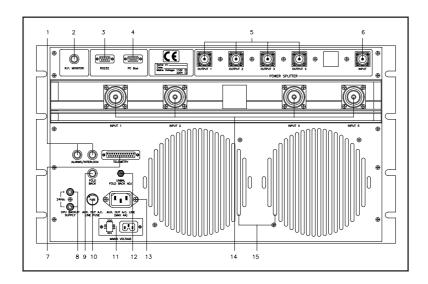
[15] ENTER Button used to accept a parameter's value or to enter into a menu.

[16] R.F. MONITOR BNC RF monitor output. The output level is -60 dB below the power

output in the band 87.5-108 MHz.



6.2 Rear Panel



[1] INTERLOCK/ALARMS

BNC connectors to inhibit an exteral device, as an exciter. In case of

fault, the inner connector is shorted to ground.

[2] R.F. MONITOR BNC RF monitor output. The output level is -60 dB below the power

output in the band 87.5-108 MHz.

[3] RS232 DB9 conector to link the amplifier with external devices.

[4] I²C DB9 connector for IIC bus networking.

[5] OUTPUT 1 to 5 Power Splitter Outputs (N-type connector) to drive Power Amplifiers.

[6] INPUT Exciter's R.F. Input connector (N-type).

[7] TELEMETRY DB25 telemetry connector.

[8] 24 V External 24 V dc power supply input for CPU backup power supply.

[9] FOLD-BACK BNC connector for the fold-back connection...

[10] FUSE Protection Fuse for Auxiliary Out A.C. Power Line.

[11] VOLTAGE CHANGER &

A.C. LINE FUSE Fuse block and Line Voltage Selector. Use a small screwdriver to change

the fuse or line voltage. Rotate the block and position it for desired voltage.

[12] UNBAL F.BACK ADJ.

Trimmer for Unbal Fold Back adjustment.

[13] AUX. OUT A.C. LINE

Auxiliary Out A.C. Power Line for the combiner.

[14] INPUT 1 to 4 Power Combiner Inputs (N-type) from the Power Amplifiers.

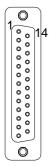
[15] HEAT SINK Heat Sink for the R.F. Output Combiner.



6.3 Connectors Description

6.3.1 Telemetry Connector

Type: DB25 Female



PIN	Signal	Туре	Notes
1	Unbal. Power	Ana Out	3.9V x 650 W
2	Ch_4 GND	Disabled GND	
4	Reflected Power		4.3V x 400W
5	OC_ECC	Dig Out OC	Active when interlock is active
6	OC_SET4	Disabled	
7	GND	GND	
8	IN_ON	Dig In	"ON" command
9	OC_SET1	Dig Out OC	Active when SET1 threshold surpassed
10	OC_WAIT	Dig Out OC	Active for "Wait" alarm presence
11	IN_RST	Dig In	"Alarms Reset"
12	OC_OFF	Dig Out OC	Active when the coupler is "OFF"
13	IN_INH	Dig In	Keep at GND potential to inhibit
14	TEMP	Ana Out	3.9V x 70°
15	Ch_5	Disabled	
16	Forward Power	Ana Out	4.3V x 4 kW
17	OC_FAULT	Dig Out OC	Active for "Fault" Alarm presence
18	OC_SET3	Dig Out OC	Active when SET3 threshold surpassed
19	Ch_3	Disabled	
20	IN_OFF	Dig In	"OFF" command
21	GND	GND	
22	OC_SET2	Dig Out OC	Active when SET2 threshold surpassed
23	LOC	Dig Out OC	Active when in local mode
24	VNS	+12 Vcc	Unregulated voltage
25	OC_ON	Dig Out OC	Active when the coupler is "ON"

Notes:

- To give a command to the HC4 (ON, OFF, Reset), bind the relative pin to ground for approx 500 ms.
- OC output (Open Collector) are "Active" when conducing.

6.3.2 RS232 Connector

Type: DB9 Female - Used for factory programming



- N.C.
 TXD
- 3 BXL
- 4 Internally connected to 7 and 8
- 5 GND
- 6 N.C.
- 7 Internally connected to 4 and 8
- 8 Internally connected to 4 and 7
- 9 N.C.



6.3.3 I²C Connector

Type: DB9 Female - Used for I²C networking



1	NC	
2	SDA	Serial Data
3	SCL	Serial Clock
4	NC	
5	GND	GND

7 NC 8 NC 9 NC

NC

6



7. Technical Specifications

7.1 Dimensional and Environmental Specifications

Cabinet Dimensions	454 mm x 265 mm x 615 mm
Panel Dimensions	483 mm x 132.5 mm
Weight	Approx. 30 Kg
Operating Temperature Range	-10 °C ÷ 50 °C
Umidity	90% Maximum, whithout condensation

7.2 Electrical Specifications

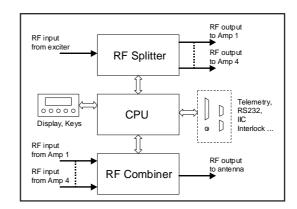
A.C. Power Supply	115-125-230-250 V, 50-60 Hz		
Cooling sustem	forced ventilation		
Frequency Range	87.5 MHz ÷ 108 MHz		
Max Rating Power	4 KW		
Power Splitter Section			
	Inp. Impedance	50 Ohm	
	Inp. Connector	"N-type" connector	
	Out. Impedance	50 Ohm	
	Out. Connector	"N-type" connector	
Power Coupler Section			
	Inp. Impedance	50 Ohm	
	Inp. Connector	"N-type" connector	
	Out. Impedance	50 Ohm	
	Out. Connector	1+5/8" EIA flange	





8. Electrical description

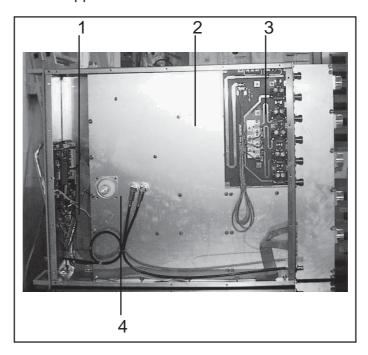
HC4 is composed of different modules wired between them with connectors, allowing for easy servicing or module substitution.



This chapter give the necessary indications to identify the modules and to understand their functionalities.

8.1 Modules Identification (upper view)

Figure below shows the upper view of the device with the indication of the different



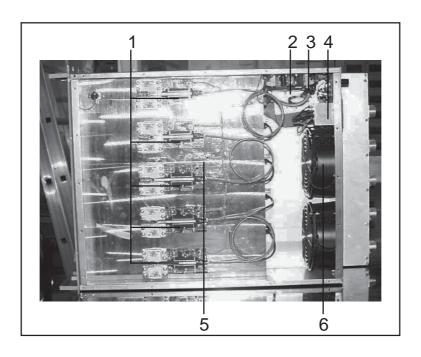
components.

- [1] CPU
- [2] Power Coupler
- [3] Power Splitter
- [4] Power Meter (not visible) and Power Coupler Output (EIA 1+5/8")



User Manual

8.2 Modules Identification (bottom view)

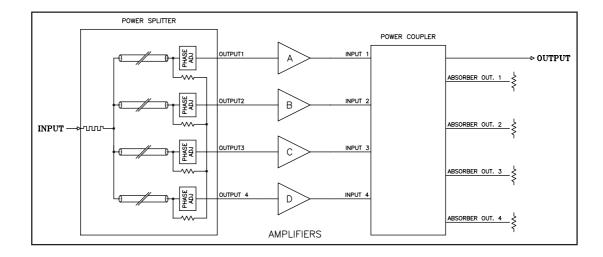


- [5] Unbal Power card
- [6] Transformer
- [7] Remote Card
- [8] Voltage Changer
- [9] Temperature Sensor
- [10] Blowers



9. Theory of Operation

The figure shows the block diagrams of HC4. The blocks are described in the following chapter:



9.1 Power supply

This equipment has only a transformer with different outputs. The used outputs are: 0-18V for the supply of the remote card and 0-11,5V for the CPU section. The rectifiers and the stabilizers are in the two cited cards.

9.2 Power Splitter

The Power Splitter circuit mounted on the rear part of the equipment where are find the input connector from the exciter and the RF outputs to the amplifiers.

The circuit is realized with strip plus coaxial cables and five specific circuits can adjust (equalize) phases on the our outputs that are used to drive the amplifiers.

Four resistive termination placed near to the output serves to absorb any unbalanced powers in case of faulty or performance differences of some amplifier to prevent excessive power driving on the well functioning (well loaded) outputs.

9.3 Power Combiner

The function of the coupler section is to add the RF power portions provided by the amplifiers and to pass it through the antenna output.

The circuit is based on a Wilkinson-type scheme and is designed with strip-lines and 50 Ohm coaxial cables. The circuit is comprises between a heat-sink and a metallic shield, so that the strip line normally aren't visible.



The coupler section includes resistive terminations mounted on the heat sink that dissipate possible unbalancement power due to non-optimal adjustment, different performances of the amplifiers, or any malfunctioning in the transmitter.

9.4 Remote Card

This board is installed on the right side of the device. It is controlled by the CPU, and its function is to cut the power in the auxiliary mains plug in case of alarms.

9.5 CPU

This section implements all the software functions described in the previous part of the manual (measurement, protection, controls, data visualization, communications). The analog circuitry normalizes and measures the different parameters that are monitored by the device.

The CPU board interfaces itself with external devices using a special telemetry connector, a RS232 serial port and a I²C port.

9.6 Telemetry board

This device is designed to give to the user a set of dry contacts connected to the working status of the machine. The contacts can be configured as Normally Open or Normally Closed and are triggered by the user settable thresholds, and by LOC/REM, WAIT, FAULT, ON, OFF, INHIBIT.

The analog signals generated by the hybrid coupler are available on a DB25 connector hosted on the telemetry board.

9.7 Adjustment

The hybrid coupler is factory-adjusted so that the transmitter it is included in will work satisfyingly works over the whole FM band.

Cases may happen, that it is necessary to perform the RF adjustment of the HC4, for example if the RF interconnection cables with the amplifiers have been sustituted with other of slightly different characteristics or length, or if it is desirable to optimize the transmitter's performances on a certain frequency.



WARNING: we suggest not to perform the operations described in this chapter to personnel lacking proper instrumentation and deep knowledge of the device and its working principles.

9.7.1 Capacitors on the splitter circuit

- 1) Remove the upper cover of the coupler
- 2) Switch on the transmitter, having the exciter set on the working frequency



- and at minimum power.
- 3) On the coupler, set the display for the visualization of forward power.
- 4) Set the variable capacitor in their middle position.
- 5) Gradually increase the exciter power until the overall output power of the transmitter reaches around the 80% of its nominal power.
- 6) Adjust the variable capacitors (1) and (2) (Figure 9.1) related to the first amplifier, to maximize the forward power measured in the coupler

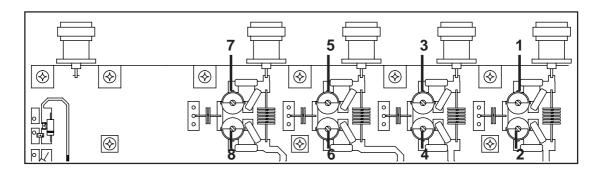


Figure 9.1

- 7) Adjust the variable capacitors (3) and (4) related to the second amplifier, still maximizing the forward power measured by the coupler.
- 8) Adjust the variable capacitors (5) and (6) related to the third amplifier, still maximizing the forward power measured by the coupler.
- 9) Adjust the variable capacitors (7) and (8) related to the fourth amplifier, still maximizing the forward power measured by the coupler.
- 10) Repeat steps 6 and 8 until the transmitter's power reaches a value that cannot be further rised.
- 11) Increase the exciter power and verify that the system can reach the station's nominal power.
- 12) Switch off the transmitter.
- 13) Put in place again the coupler's upper cover.

Notes:

- The described procedure is the one optimized to adjust the coupler to work on a certain channel (frequency). When the coupler has to be adjusted on the whole FM band, start executing the procedure at 98.0 MHz, and then repeat it at 87.5 MHz and 108.0 MHz, until the best tradeoff is met.
- If the adjustment is done because one of the amplifiers has been substituted, it is normally sufficient to operate only on the capacitors related to the substituted amplifier.





10. Maintenance Procedures

10.1 Introduction

This section provides general maintenance information and electrical adjustment for the HC4 hybrid coupler.

Maintenance is divided into categories dependent upon the complexity of the procedure and the test equipment required to complete the maintenance.

10.2 Safety Consideration

When the amplifier is operational, hazardous voltages and high currents are accessible internally, and there are high power R.F. signals.

Don't remove any cover without switching off the system first and close all covers before restarting the system.

Ensure all primary power is disconnected from the amplifier before attempting equipment maintenance.

MAINTENANCE LEVEL 1

10.3 Routine Maintenance

The only regular maintenance needed by HC4, is the periodic substitution of the blowers, and the cleaning of dust filters and any dust accumulated inside the amplifier.

The time between overhauling of the blowers depends upon several environmental factors, temperature, humidity, dust pollution etc.

It's advisable to check the unit every 6 months, and to substitute noisy blowers.

Blowers should be changed as a matter of course at least every 18 months.

10.4 Cards Replacement

10.4.1 CPU Group Replacement

- Disconnect J1 and J2 alarms card's connectors.
- Disconnect JP1 alarms card's connector.
- Remove the screws securing the board to the front panel.
- Carefully extract the card.



10.4.2 Unbal Power Card Replacement

- Open the top and bottom covers of the unit.
- Unsolder the wires connecting the unbal power card to the other devices.
- Unsolder the coaxial cable that connecting the unbal power card to the power coupler.
- · Remove the screws securing the board to the hest sink.
- Remove slowly the unbalancing card.

10.4.3 Remote Card Replacement

- Open the top and bottom covers of the unit.
- Diconnect CN1 and CN2 connectors on the Remote card.
- Remove the fixing bolts of the card.
- Remove slowly the Remote card.



11. Calibration Procedures

11.1 Introduction

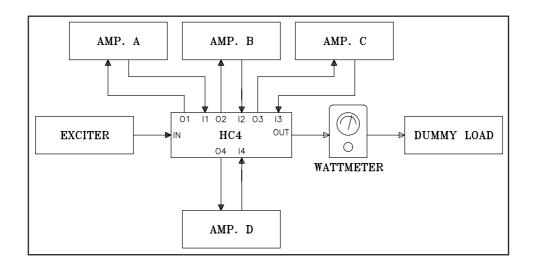
This chapter describes the calibration procedures that are necessary to do when you have replaced some cards or some devices, or in case of a complete replacement of the equipment into of a transmitter station.

All calibrations must be executed switching on all equipment at the minimum power.

11.2 CPU Assembly Adjustment

NOTE: This section describe the adjustment of the CPU group, in case of a substitution if it is breakdown.

• After changing the assembly, connect the amplifier as shown in the figure below.



Switch ON the HC4.

Temperature reading adjustment

- Measure the temperature of the cooling fin with a thermometer.
- Enter on the P.A. menu.
- Adjust the trimmer TR6 to read on the display the same temperature measured with the thermometer.

Mains reading adjustment

- Measure the main voltage with a multimeter.
- Enter on the P.A. menu.
- Adjust the trimmer TR8 to read on the display the value of 100% (the main voltage is visualizated as percentage variation and the value 100% representes 220V).



Trimmer TR7 adjustment

• The trimmer TR7 must be turned completely counter-clockwise, to protect the input channel to the CPU.

FOLBACK intervention adjustment

- Be sure that the exciter is not operative.
- Measure the voltage on the PIN1 of JP7 on the power supply card with a multimeter, than rotate the trimmer TR9 to obtain a voltage of 0V.

Forward power reading adjustment

- Increase to 4000W at 98MHz, using as a reference the reading on the wattmeter that possibly has been connected at the end of the attenuation chain at the RF output.
- Rotate TR1 to read on the display the same value measured with the wattmeter.

Reflected power adjustment

- Apply an unbalanced load in series with a 50 Ohm load and apply in series a by-pass wattmeter BIRD.
- Increase slowly the exciter power to obtain a reflected power of 400W at 98MHz.
- Adjust TR2 to read on the display the same value measured with the wattmeter.

VPA reading adjustment

• For the hybrid combiner this reading is disabled.

IPA measurement adjustment

For the hybrid combiner this reading is disabled.

Input power reading adjustment

- Connect to the RF input a by-pass wattmeter BIRD with a full-scale of 10 W.
- Connect a 500hm load to the exit and increase slowly the exciter power to obtain 5W on the instrument in series to the input.
- Rotate TR3 on the CPU assembly to read on the display the correct value measured with the wattmeter.



Appendix A Piani di montaggio, schemi elettrici, liste componenti / Component layouts, schematics, bills of material

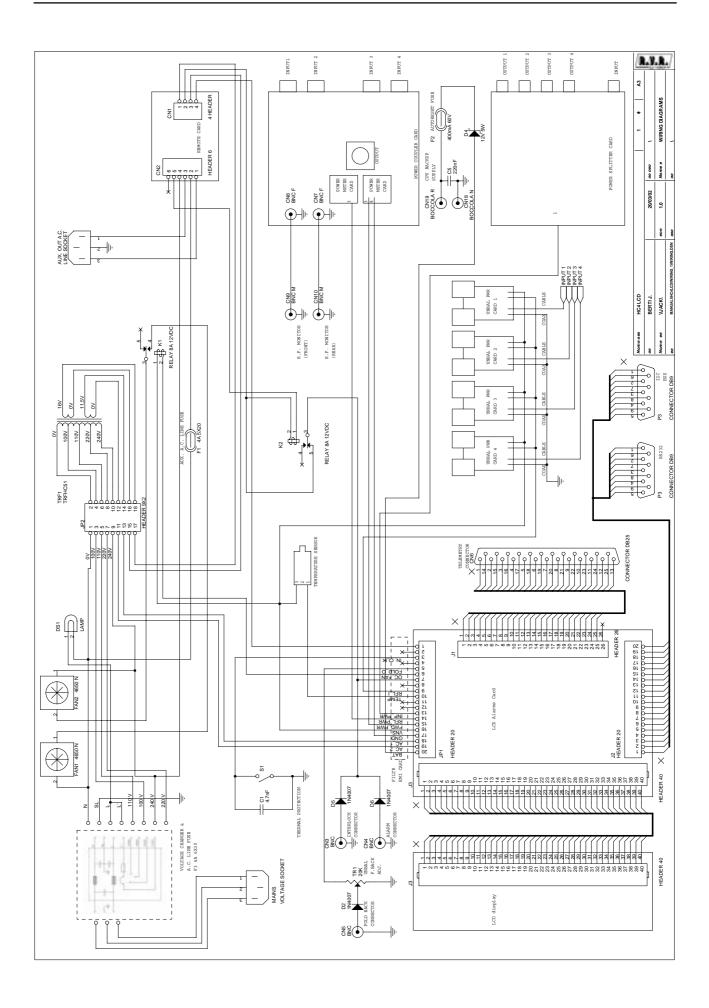
Questa parte del manuale contiene i dettagli tecnici riguardanti la costruzione delle singole schede componenti l'HC4. L'appendice è composta dalle seguenti sezioni:

This part of the manual contains the technical details about the different boards of the HC4. This appendix is composed of the following sections:

Description	RVR Code	Vers.
	Pages	
Wiring diagrams	Wiring diagrams	1.1 2
Splitter Card	CSSPL-INCH4	1.0 4
Combiner Card	CSCMB1HC5	1.0 4
Meter Card	CSPWR-MTRHC5	1.0 4
Scheda Protezioni e CPU	CSPROTF	1.2 8
Unbal Power Card	CSPWRSENHC5	1.0 4
Remote Card	SLREMOTEHC	1.0 4

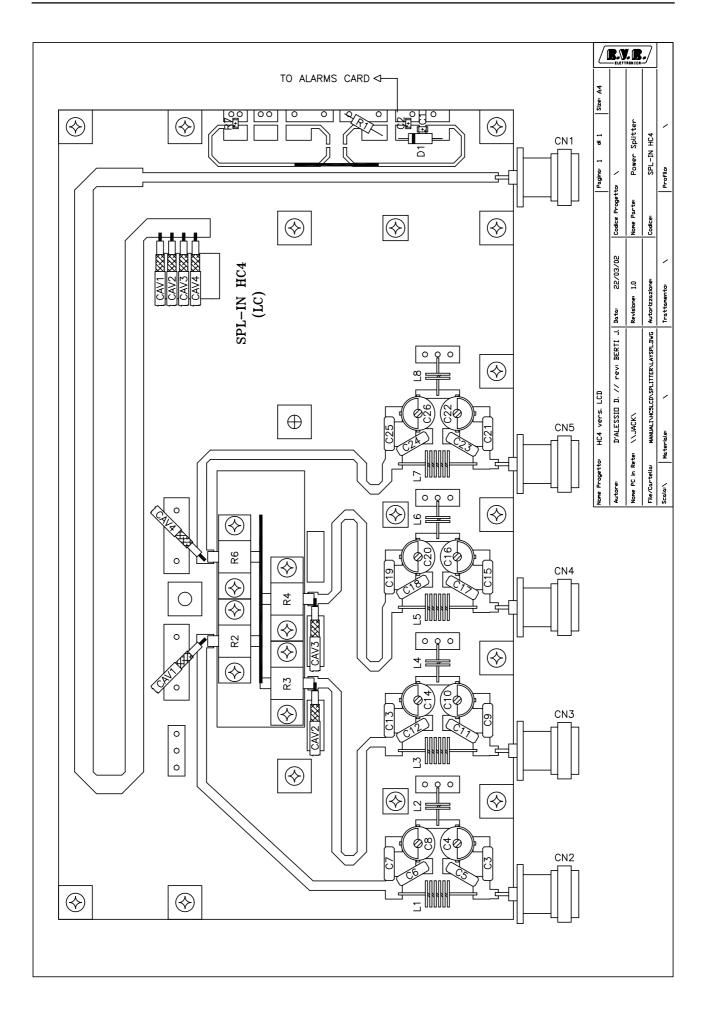




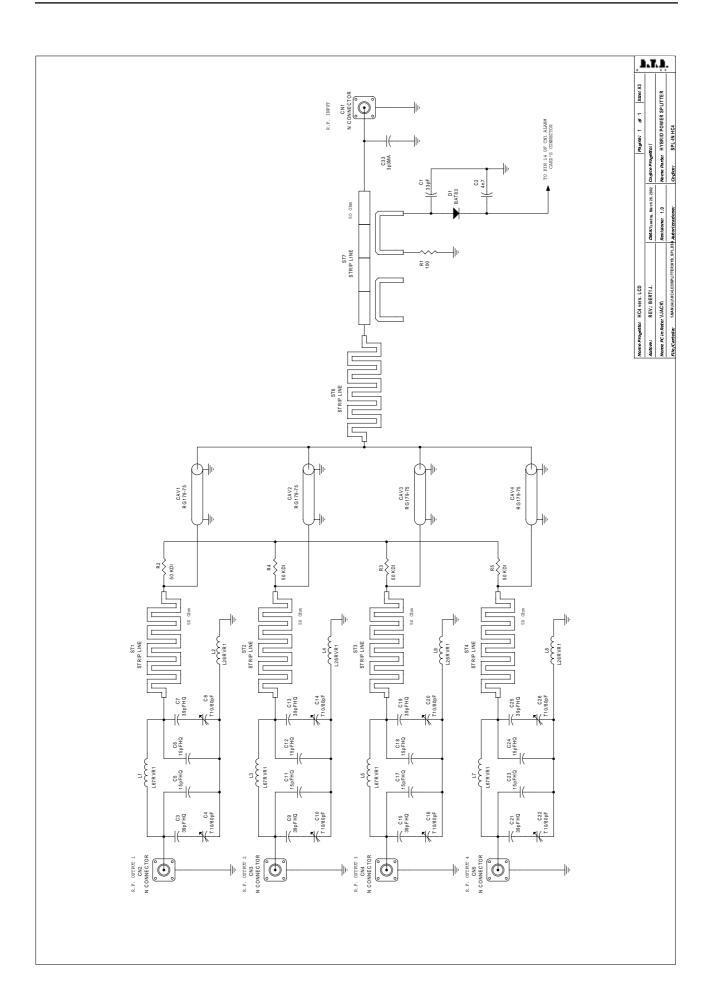










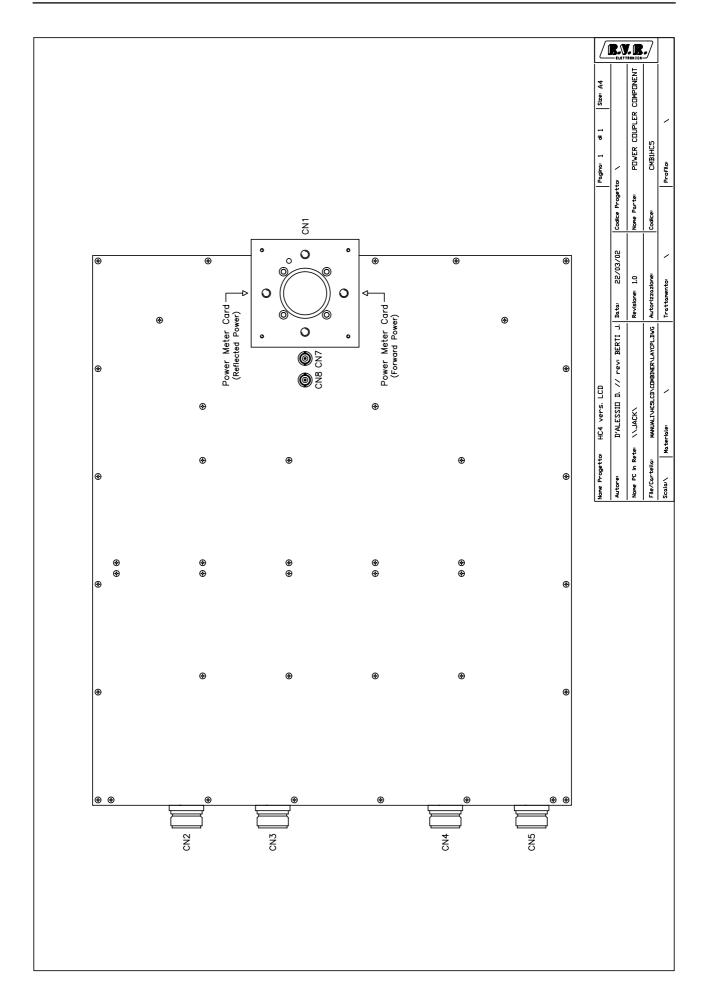




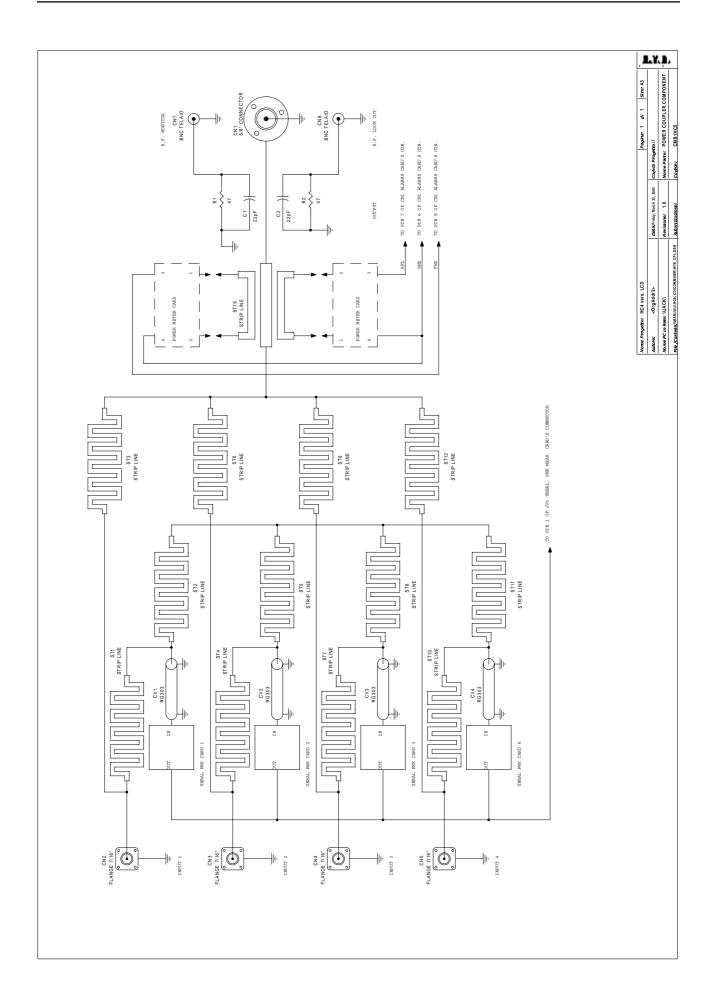
HYBRID POWER SPLITTER		VER SPLITTER Bill	Of Materials	Page 1	
Item	Q.ity	Reference	Part	DESCRIPTION	PART ORDER CDE
1	4	R2,R3,R4,R5	50 KDI	RES. DI TERM. (KDI)	
2	1	R1	100	RESISTOR 1/4W 5%	
3	1	C33	3P3HQ	CERAMIC CAPACITOR HQ	
4	8	C4,C8,C10,C14,C16,C20, C22,C26	T10/80PF	TRIMMER CAPACITOR	
5	8	C5,C6,C11,C12,C17,C18, C23,C24	15PFHQ	CERAMIC CAPACITOR HQ	
6	8	C3,C7,C9,C13,C15,C19,C21, C25,	39PFHQ	CERAMIC CAPACITOR HQ	
7	1	C1	33PF	CERAMIC CAPACITOR NP0	
8	1	C2	4N7	CERAMIC CAPACITOR	
9	4	L2,L4,L6,L8	L26RVR1	6 SP DIA 7 RAME SMAL 1.0mm	n
10	4	L1,L3,L5,L7	L67RVR1	6 SP DIA 7 RAME SMAL 1.0mm	n
11	4	CAV1,CAV2,CAV3,CAV4	RG179-75	COAX CABLE RG179 75 Ohm	
12	5	CN1,CN2,CN3,CN4,CN5	NCONNECTO	R CONN. N A TELAIO	
13	1	D1	BAT83	HOT CARRIER DIODE	
14	6	ST1,ST2,ST3,ST4,ST6,ST7	STRIPLINE	STRIPLINE	









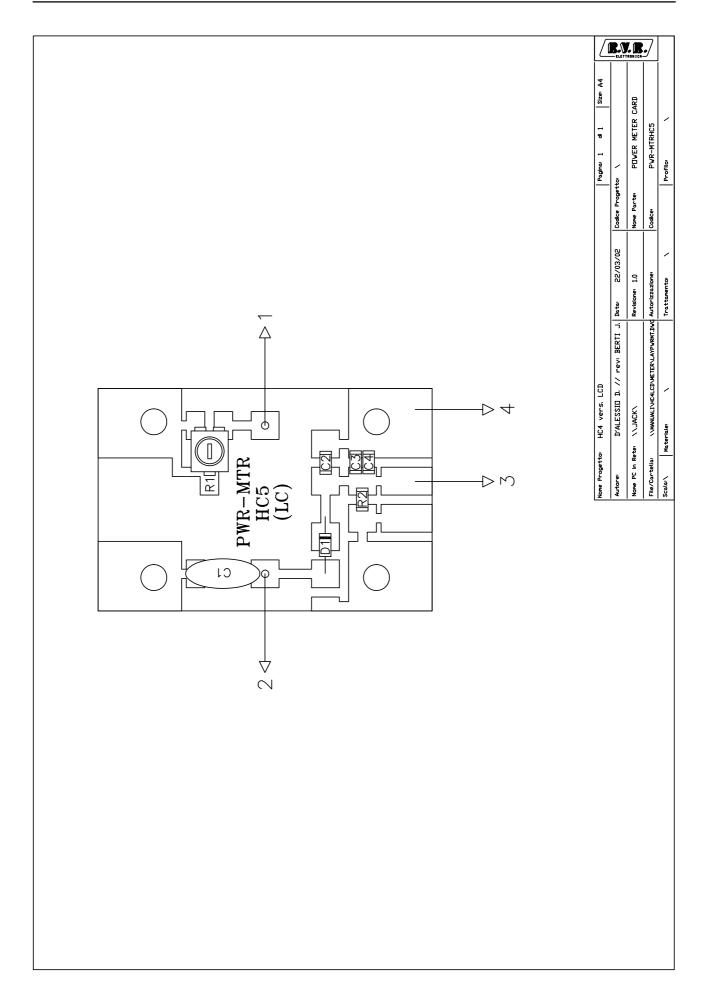




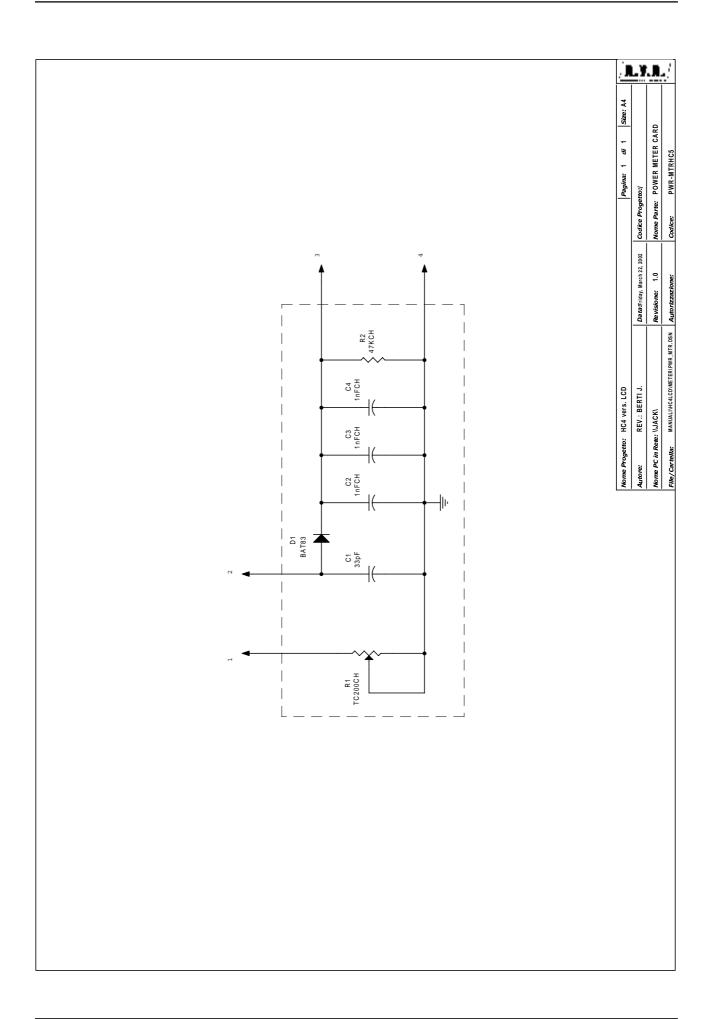
CMB1	HC5	Bill Of Materials			Page 1
Item	Q.ty	Reference	Part	DESCRIPTION	PART ORDER CDE
1	2	R1,R2	47	RESISTOR 1/4W 5%	
2	2	C1,C2	22PF	CERAMIC CAPACITOR NP0	
3	4	CV1,CV2,CV3,CV4	RG303	COAX CABLE RG303	
4	2	CN7,CN8	BNC TELAIO	CONN. BNC A TELAIO	
5	4	CN2,CN3,CN4,CN5	FLANGE 7/16"	FLANGE 7/16"	
6	1	CN1	FLANGE 1 5/8"	FLANGE 1 5/8"	
7	13	ST1,ST2,ST3,ST4,ST5,ST6, ST7,ST8,ST9,ST10,ST11, ST12,ST16	STRIPLINE	STRIPLINE	









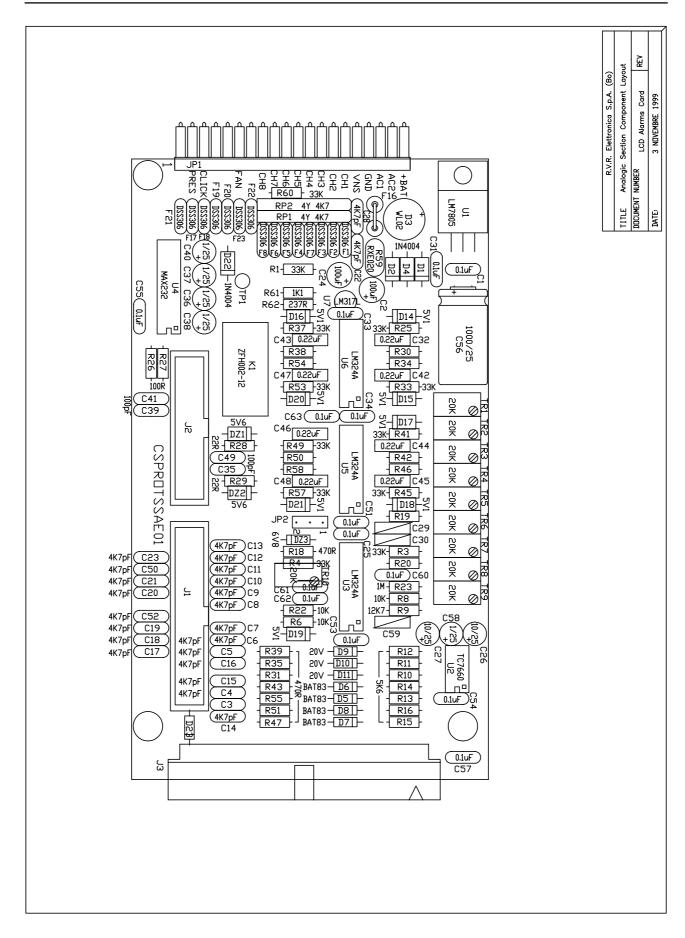




POWER METER CARD		Bill O	f Materials	Page 1		
lte	em	Q.ty	Reference	Part	DESCRIPTION	PART ORDER CDE
	1	1	R2	47KCH	CHIP RESISTOR	
	2	1	R1	TC200CH	TRIM. REG. VERT. CERMET SMD	
	3	1	C1	33PF	CERAMIC CAPACITOR NP0	
	4	3	C2,C3,C4	1NFCH	CERAMIC CHIP CAPACITOR	
	5	1	D1	BAT83	HOT CARRIER DIODE	



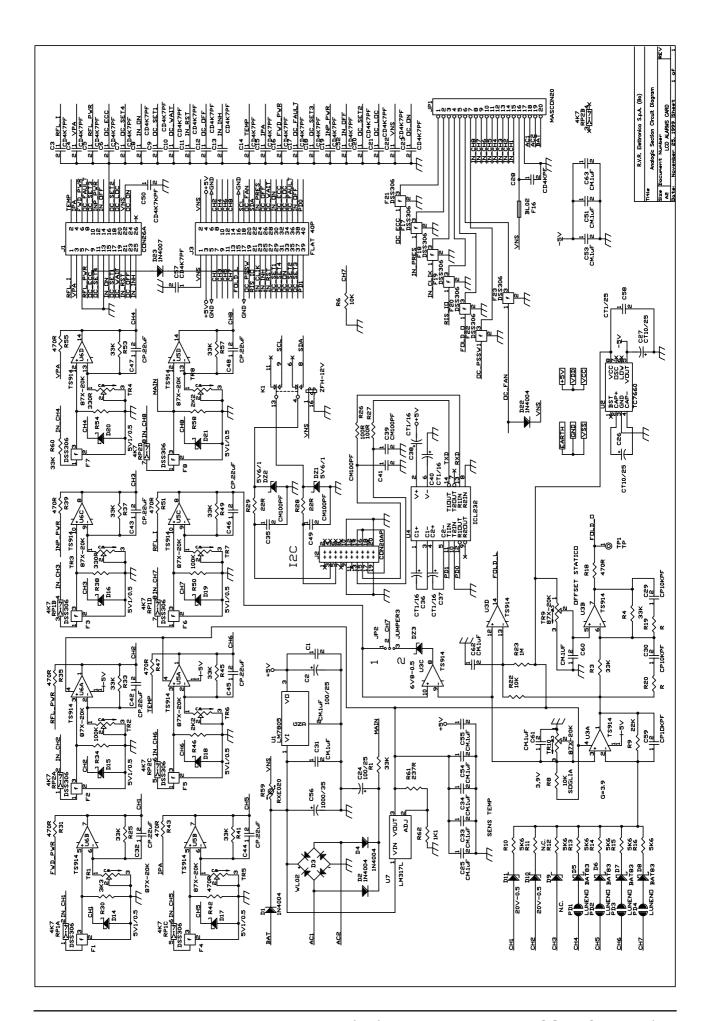






TR1 - (Ch.1) Forward power measurement adjust
TR2 - (Ch.2) Reflected power measurement adjust
TR3 - (Ch.3) Input power measurement adjust
TR4 - (Ch.4) VPA measurement adjust
TR5 - (Ch.5) IPA measurement adjust
TR6 - (Ch.6) Temperature measurement adjust
TR7 - (Ch.7) Internal SWR measurement adjust
TR8 - (Ch.8) Mains voltage measurement adjust
TR9 - Foldback voltage offset adjust
TR10 - Foldback trip point adjust







CPU Analog Section Bill Of Materials

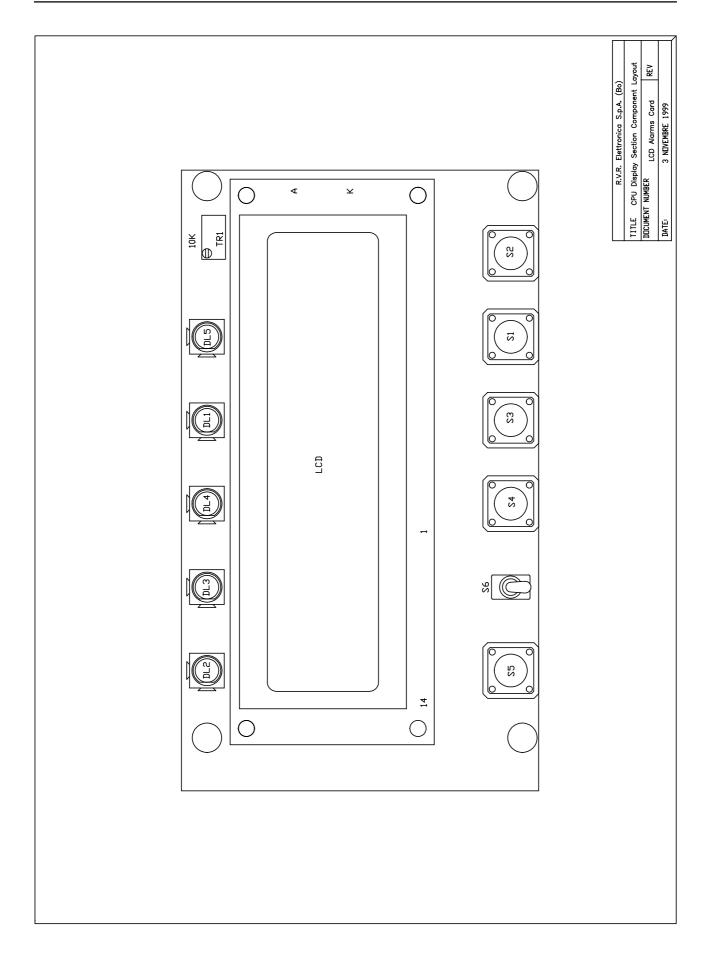
Item	Q.t	yReference	Part
1	13	C1,C25,C31, C33,C34,C51 C53,C54,C55 C60,C61,C62	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
2	2	C2,C24	
3	22	C3,C4,C5,C6 C7,C8,C10, C11,C12,C13 C14,C15,C16 C17,C18,C19 C20,C21,C22 C23,C52,C57	, CD4K7PF
4	2	C26,C27	
5	1	C28	CD4 KPF
6	2	C29, C30	CP10KPF
7	8	C32,C42,C43 C44,C45,C46 C47,C48	
8	4	C35,C39,C41 C49	,CM100PF
9	4	C36,C37,C38 C40	,CT1/16
10	1	C50	CD4K7KPF
11	1	C56	1000/35
12	1	C58	CT1/25
13	1	C59	CP10KPF
14	2	DZ1,DZ2	5V6/1
15	1	DZ3	6V8-0.5
16	4	D1,D2,D4,D2	21N4004
17	1	D3	WL02
18	4	D5,D6,D7,D8	
19	3	D9,D10,D11	
20	8	D14,D15,D16 D17,D18,D19 D20,D21	
21	15	F1,F2,F3,F4 F5,F6,F7,F8 F17,F18,F19 F20,F21,F22 F23	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
22	1	F16	BL02
23	1	JP1	MASCON20
24	1	JP2	JUMPER3
25	1	J1	CON26A



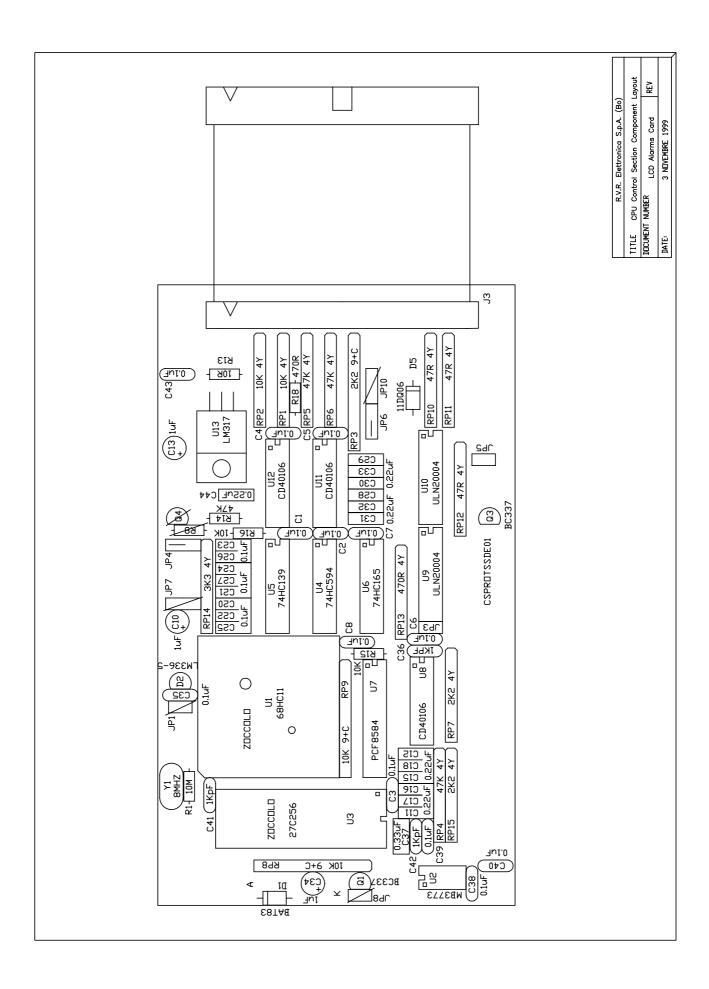
CPU Analog Section Bill Of Materials

Item	Q.t	yReference	Part
26	1	J2	CON20AP
27	1	J3	FLAT 40P
28	1	K1	ZFH-12V
29	4	PD1,PD2,PD3 PD4	, LUNENO
3 0	2	RP1,RP2	4K7
31	12	R1,R3,R4,R25	
		R33,R37,R41 R45,R49,R53 R57,R60	
32	3	R6,R8,R22	10K
33	1	R 9	22K
34	6	R10,R11, R13,R14,R15 R16	5K6 ,
35	9	R18,R31,R35 R39,R42,R43 R47,R51,R55	
36	2	R19,R20	R
37	1	R23	1M
38	2	R26,R27	100R
3 9	2	R28,R29	22R
40	1	R30	3 K 3
41	2	R34,R50	100K
42	2	R38,R54	330R
43	2	R46,R58	2K2
44	1	R59	RXE020
45	1	R61	237R
46	1	R62	1K1
47	1	TP1	TP
48	10	TR1,TR2,TR3 TR4,TR5,TR6 TR7,TR8,TR9 TR10	,
49	1	U1	LM7805
50	1	U2	TC7660
51	3	U3,U5,U6	TS914
52	1	U4	ICL232
53	1	U7	LM317L
54	2	R12,D9	N.C.
55	1	D23	1N4007

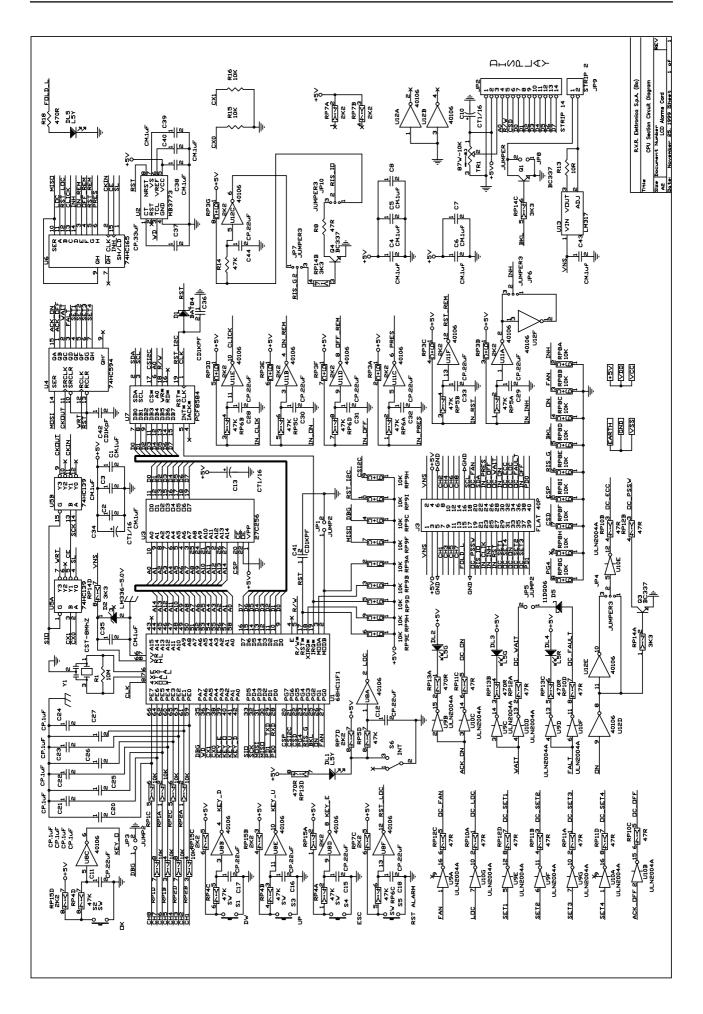












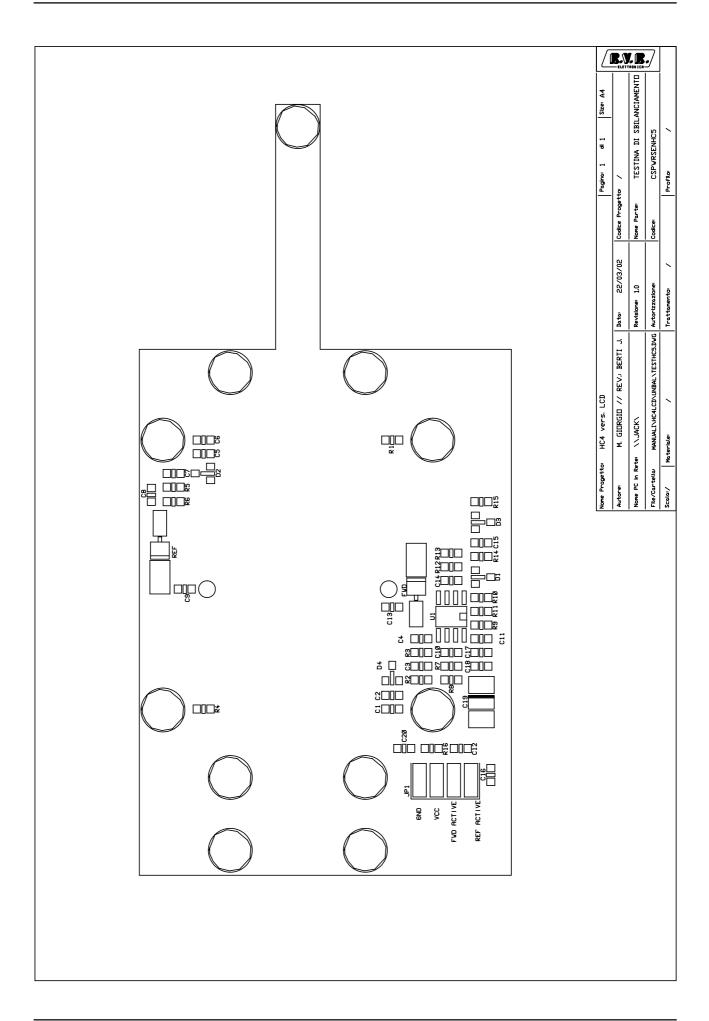


Scheda 1999	CPU	Bill Of Mat	erials	November	25,
Item	Q.t	yReference	Part		
1	13	C1,C2,C3, C4,C5,C6, C7,C8,C35,	CM.1UF		
		C38, C39, C40	, C43		
2	3	C10,C13,C34	CT1/16		
3	13	C11,C12,C15	,CP.22UF		
		C16,C17,C18			
		C28, C29, C30			
		C31, C32, C33			
4	8	C20,C21,C22			
		C23, C24, C25			
		C26,C27	,		
5	3	C36,C41,C42	CD1KPF		
6	1	C37	CP.33UF		
7	2	DL1,DL5	L5Y		
8	2	DL2,DL3	L5G		
9	1	DL4	L5R		
10	1	D1	BAT84		
11	1	D2	LM336-5.0V		
12	1	D5	11DQ06		
13	3	JP1,JP3,JP5			
14	1	JP2	STRIP 14		
15	4	JP4,JP6,JP7			
	_	JP10	, 5 5112 2115		
16	1	JP8	JUMPER		
17	1	JP9	STRIP 2		
18	1	J3	FLAT 40P		
19	3	Q1,Q3,Q4	BC337		
20	6	RP1,RP2,RP8			
_ •		RP9,R15,R16	, =011		
21	3	RP3, RP7, RP15	5 2K2		
22	4	RP4, RP5, RP6			
	_	R14	,		
23	4	R8,RP10,RP11	., 47R		
	_	RP12	-, -,		
24	2	RP13,R18	470R		
25	1	RP14	3K3		
26	1	R1	10M		
27	1	R13	10R		
28	5	S1,S2,S3,S4			
2.0	1	S5	тмп		
29	1	S6	INT		
3 0	1	TR1	87W-10K		

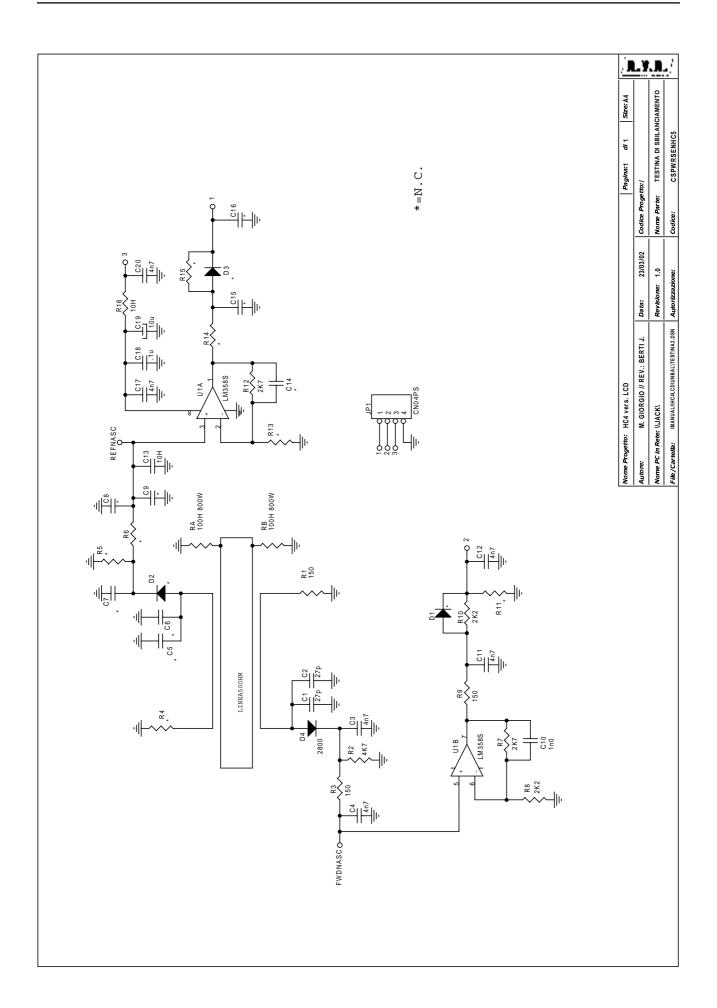


31	1	U1	68HC11F1
32	1	U2	MB3773
33	1	U3	27C256
34	1	U4	74HC594
35	1	U5	74HC139
36	1	U6	74HC165
37	1	U7	PCF8584
38	3	U8,U11,U12	40106
39	2	U9,U10	ULN2004A
40	1	U13	LM317
41	1	Y1	CST-8MHZ







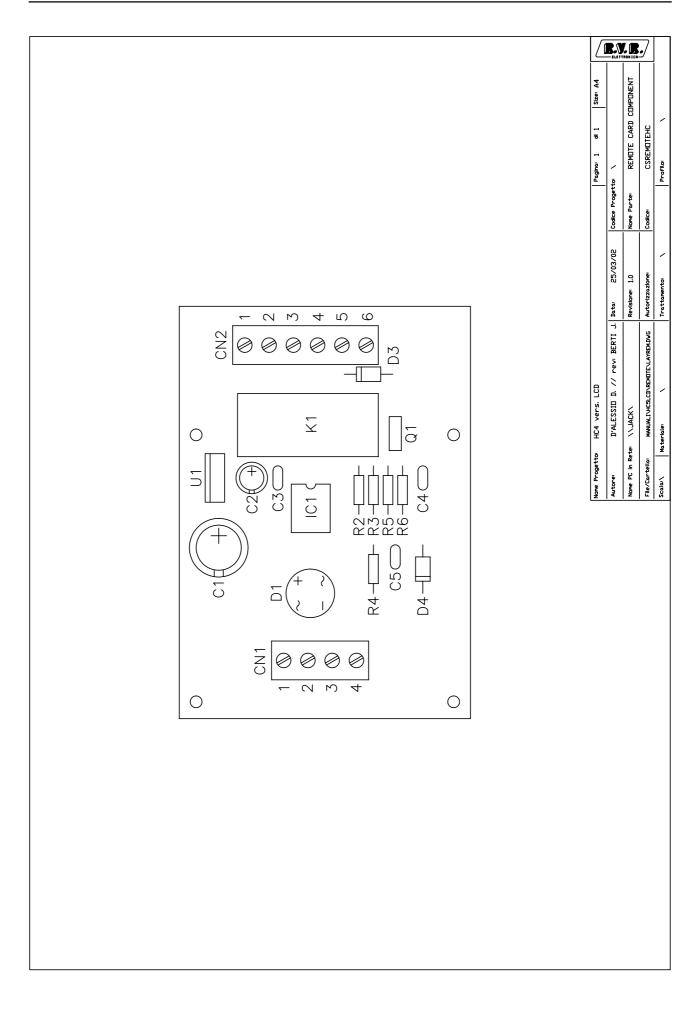




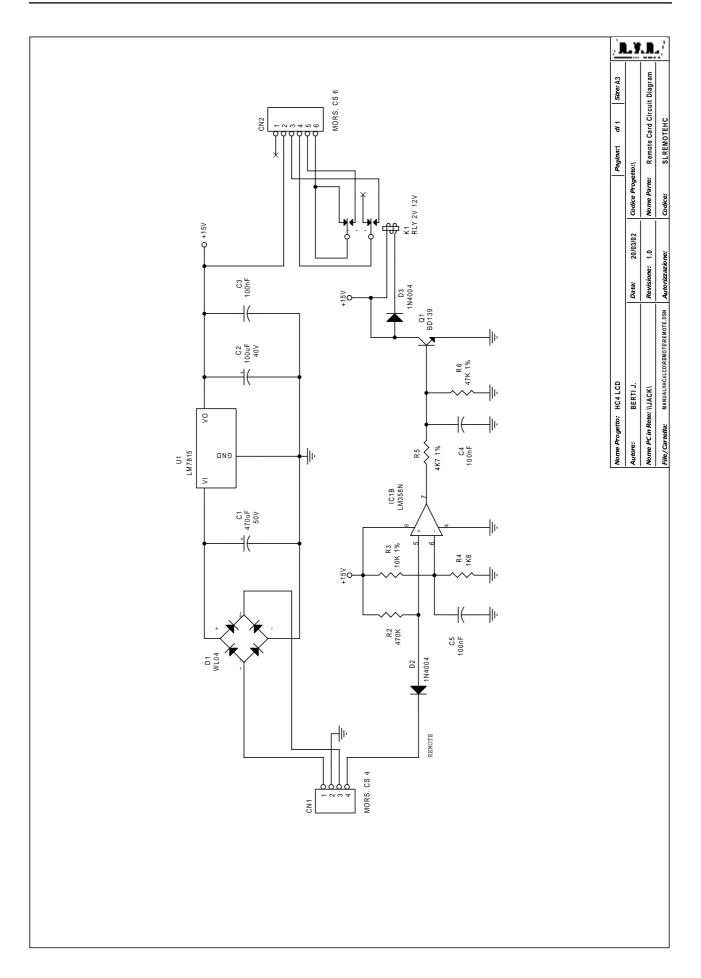
CSPWRSENHC5 Bill Of Materials Page						
ltem	Q.ty	Reference	Part	Description	_	
1 2 3	2 6 18	C2,C1 C3,C4,C11,C12,C17,C20 D1,D2,D3,R4,R5,C5,R6,C6, C7,C8,C9,R11,R13,R14,C14, R15,C15,C16	27p 4n7 *	Cond. chip 0805 Cond. chip 0805 N.C.		
4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14	1 2 1 1 1 1 2 3 1 2	C10 C13,R16 C18 C19 D4 JP1 RA,RB R1,R3,R9 R2 R12,R7 R8,R10	1n0 10H 0.1u 10u 2800 CN04PS 100H 800W 150 4K7 2K7	1n0 ??? Cond. chip HQ Cond. chip tant. Diode smd Res. KDI 800W Res. chip 0805 1% Res. chip 0805 1% Res. chip 0805 1% Res. chip 0805 5%		
15	1	U1	LM358S	Circ. int. digitale		













Rem	ote Card	Bill O	Materials/Lista	Componenti Page 1	
Item	Q.ty	Reference	Part	Description	Part Order Code
1	1	R4	1K8	RESISTOR 1/4W 5%	
2	1	R5	4K7 1%	RESISTOR 1/4W 1%	
3	1	R3	10K 1%	RESISTOR 1/4W 1%	
4	1	R6	47K 1%	RESISTOR 1/4W 1%	
5	1	R2	470K	RESISTOR 1/4W 5%	
6	3	C3,C4,C5	100nF	CERAMIC CAPACITOR	
7	1	C2	100uF	ELECTROLYTIC CAPACITOR	
8	1	C1	470uF	ELECTROLYTIC CAPACITOR	
9	1	CN1	MORS.CS 4	MORSETT. C.S. 4 CONT.	
10	1	K1	RLY 2V 12V	RELAY 2 VIE 12V	
11	2	D2,D3	1N4004	SILICON DIODE 400V	
12	1	D1	WL04	DIODE BRIDGE 1.5A	
13	1	U1	LM7815	POS. STABILIZER	
14	1	Q1	BD139 NPN	TRANSISTOR	
15	1	IC1	LM358N	DOUBLE OP. AMP.	
16	1	CN2	MORS.CS 6	MORSETT. C.S. 6 CONT.	

